

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

Scarcity of Coal in Chicago Resulting From the Strike.

ATKINSON SAYS MINERS WILL WIN

West Virginia's Governor Talks of Situation in That State.

DEBS DENIES AN INTERVIEW

CHICAGO, July 22.—A shortage of coal has begun to make itself manifest in the Chicago market. The Chicago sugar refinery, which uses 400 tons of bituminous coal daily, has suspended operations, in view of the high prices obtaining for fuel. Local coal men believe that the sugar refinery suspension is a forerunner of a number of similar cases when large consumers attempt to replenish their stock.

Atkinson Says Miners Will Win.

Gov. George W. Atkinson of West Virginia, who is here attending the Logan day ceremonies, believes that the miners will eventually win in the great coal strike. He says: "The indications in West Virginia point to the success of the miners. I believe that the miners in my state will leave their work. They have nothing to complain of, but they are in sympathy with the suffering miners outside. So am I, and so is everybody else I know of anything about. There are 25,000 miners in the state, and of course it will take time to reach them all, but I am confident that there is no reason for the discouragement of the strikers."

Business Men Aid Illinois Strikers.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22.—A special from Mount Olive, Illinois, says: The business men of this city are taking steps to aid the miners in their efforts to secure a better wage. Funds have been raised and a committee appointed by Mayor Fuchs will distribute the money where most needed. A delegation of one hundred miners left for Chicago today, where they will assist other delegates in getting the coffee men to join the movement.

DEBS DENIES AN INTERVIEW.

Five Collieries Reported Out in Montgomery District.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., July 22.—Eugene V. Debs today issues the following statement under his signature: "In yesterday's papers there appeared an alleged interview with me which I desire to repudiate as wholly untrue from beginning to end. No such interview was had and no such statements as were ascribed to me were made. The alleged interview is a tissue of falsehoods, made in order to serve a purpose which readily suggests itself. I am entirely satisfied with the situation, and believe the cause of the miners will be crowned with success."

Ratcliff Jolins in Denial.

President Ratcliff, who arrived at 11 o'clock from Columbus, also repudiates the Debs interview, and says it was prepared on the influence of the other side and had for its intention the dissemination and weakening of the miners' cause.

President Ratcliff also has two dispatches received from Montgomery, this state, which say that the men are out in five collieries in that territory. When asked about Debs, he said he had gone to Pittsburgh to Debs' mine, and that he had seen the mine and that he was in a few days.

Ratcliff continued, "but Debs is a man of determination and seldom utters idle words. He generally does exactly what he says he will."

He says the Kansas men have postponed their action, but his private advisers are that they will act within ten days. When they act Iowa and Missouri will follow.

Ratcliff says Gompers will send organizers immediately to the strike. He says among the men will pass the time by attending Debs' meeting at Watson last night were held. The miners then there were joined the union. Twenty-seven at West Fairmont organized last night, making 347 union men in the district.

Belleve-Hill Miners Go Out.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 22.—The miners at Belle-Hill, Mo., the number of 1,000, today at noon decided to go on strike for better wages. No coal will be dug for local use.

SEIZE A FREIGHT TRAIN.

Striking Miners in Illinois Hold a Train.

Fifty striking miners at Farmington seized a Burlington freight train yesterday morning, demanding that it carry them to Dunfermline, where they intended to call out the 250 miners at work, their wages having been increased 3 per cent. They refused to pay or get off, and held the train till 3 o'clock, when the conductor cut the engine and the train returned. They argued with the men, and the latter finally abandoned the train, after holding it five hours.

The Peoria county miners are threatening to march across country to Dunfermline tomorrow, to force the men out.

Managers of the mine there say the men want to keep at work and are preparing for trouble.

TO PROSECUTE INDIAN EDITORS.

British Government Holds Them Responsible for Recent Uprising.

LONDON, July 22.—The government has decided to prosecute some of the editors of the newspapers of the Poon district which have been most conspicuous in the publication of seditious articles of late, calculated to stir up the natives against British rule. The articles chiefly complained of are those that have put a false construction upon the efforts of the officials to check the spread of the plague. These endeavors have been misrepresented as made in utter defiance of the native religious customs and prejudices, the sanitary purpose of the plague willfully being ignored, and it appears that the Bombay presidency, and some recalcitrance of the Poon district, including the disturbances in Calcutta.

There has been during the last ten days a alarming increase of deaths from cholera in the Bombay presidency, and some recalcitrance of the Poon district, including the disturbances in Calcutta.

On the other hand, as a result of the plentiful rainfall, the crop prospects throughout the presidency are improving.

WALES TO BE REID'S GUEST.

American Ambassador to Give a Notable Dinner This Evening.

LONDON, July 22.—Whitehall Reid, special envoy of the United States to the recent diamond jubilee festivities, will give a notable dinner this evening as a return for British hospitality extended to him and Mrs. Reid during the last six weeks. The guests will be laid for thirty. Among the guests will be the Prince of Wales, Baron de Staal, the Russian ambassador, the Duke and Duchess of Portland, the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, the Earl and Countess of Londonderry, the Earl and Countess of Warwick, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Goelet and Henry White of the United States legation.

After dinner Mrs. Reid will give a reception, at which Mrs. Melba, Pol Plancon and others will sing.

Col. Tichenor Desires to Resign.

Col. George C. Tichenor, president of the board of general appraisers, has indicated to Secretary Gage his desire to resign, on account of continued ill health, and he is making a strong effort to have his son, Mr. H. D. Tichenor of New York, appointed in his place on the board of general appraisers. Col. Tichenor was a special agent of the treasury for many years and was afterward assistant secretary of the treasury.

DEATH OF FATHER HAVERMANS.

He Was the Oldest Catholic Priest in the United States.

TROY, N. Y., July 22.—Rev. Peter Havermans, the oldest Catholic priest in the United States, died today. Father Havermans was born in the province of North Brabant, Holland, March 27, 1806. At the age of seventeen he entered the seminary of Geertruiden, where he learned the English language. In St. Mary's county, Maryland, he labored twelve years, and through the efforts of Bishop Hughes was induced to come to this city in 1841. He was appointed pastor of St. Peter's church, then the only Catholic church in Troy, and he remained there for four years.

He was ordained by Bishop Von De Velde at Ghent, June 6, 1830, and came to America in the October following. He first located at Norfolk, Va., became a student at Georgetown College, where he learned the English language. In St. Mary's county, Maryland, he labored twelve years, and through the efforts of Bishop Hughes was induced to come to this city in 1841. He was appointed pastor of St. Peter's church, then the only Catholic church in Troy, and he remained there for four years.

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AT MAMMOTH HOT SPRINGS.

Washington Christian Endeavorers Reached the Wonderful Resort.

MAMMOTH HOT SPRINGS, Wyo., July 22.—The first section of the Pennsylvania Christian Endeavorers arrived here last evening on special train over the Northern Pacific. With the party were fifty delegates from Washington, D. C.

The Pennsylvania delegation was in charge of W. A. Gillespie, president of the Philadelphia Union, the largest of the world. Dr. Charles H. Rhodes, Methodist evangelist of Philadelphia, state president, is with the delegation. The Pennsylvania party represents the largest single sale of Yellowstone Park tickets ever made, 300 being bought at one time.

Col. M. B. Young, who the delegates en route to the park, and escorted them to the Mammoth Hot Springs with his mounted troops.

Shaw, president of the District of Columbia Endeavorers, is with the Washington party. At Seattle a whole day was spent by the delegates at the meeting of the guests of the Seattle Union. The second section of the Pennsylvania delegates, numbering 250, will arrive tomorrow.

LIQUOR MEN FIGHT RAILROADS.

California Association Resents an Order to Men Regarding Saloons.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., July 22.—There is a fairly good prospect of a lively boycott being waged between the Atlantic and Pacific and Santa Fe roads and the California Liquor Dealers' Protective Association. According to advices received by the latter body the Santa Fe Railroad Company has issued an order prohibiting its employees from entering saloons when either on or off duty.

This order was promptly taken up by the board of trustees representing the liquor merchants of the state, and at a meeting of the board of the association, resolutions were adopted requesting the Santa Fe to modify its order, which they claim, is a discrimination against men who are interested in the liquor business. The resolutions were sent to each member of the organization and to H. C. Bush, general freight and passenger agent of the railroad.

PETER WASSER HANGED.

Pays the Penalty for Murder of a Woman.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 22.—Peter Wasser, alias "Terrible Pete," was hanged in the county jail yard today. The drop fell at 10:30 and at 10:36 he was pronounced dead.

Wasser died from strangulation. The condemned man showed wonderful nerve until the last. He slept soundly until 6:30, when he awoke, dressed himself and partook of a light breakfast. When the executioner came to hang him, Wasser said he was ready to die. When the blackcap was placed over his head he betrayed no emotion.

Wasser, or "Terrible Pete," as he was known, had been arrested by Sheriff Joseph Kupersavage of Georgetown, this county, on January 15, 1897.

Wasser had been drinking, and during the night he was quarreled with Charles Lexus. Lexus left the saloon where Wasser was carousing, and went to the home of Kupersavage, next door. A few minutes later Wasser returned, and the latter walked directly toward Lexus and raised his revolver pulled the trigger. Lexus was killed. The bullet crashed through the window and struck Kupersavage in the head. The latter died two hours later.

Wasser was held in custody on \$10,000 bail, the jury being out but a short time. A new trial was refused, and the supreme court refused to interfere.

Governor Hastings then sentenced the murderer to be hanged today.

GERMAN EPWORTH LEAGUE.

National Convention Opens Four-Day Meeting in Cincinnati Today.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 22.—There are many delegates here for the national convention of the German Epworth League, which will be in session four days, commencing this afternoon. Mayor Tiedel delivered an address of welcome to which H. Frank of Columbus, Ohio, will respond.

Rev. Chas. Heder of Milwaukee will lecture on "The Heroes of Methodism." Other lectures during the meeting will be delivered by Rev. E. F. Blume of Milwaukee, Rev. E. Roser of Dayton, Ohio; Miss C. Duchscherer of Buffalo, Rev. J. Gister of Erie, Ohio; Rev. E. W. Schneider of Erie, Ohio; Rev. K. Keck of Blue Island, Ill.; and Rev. J. J. Leary of New York.

A mass meeting will be held Sunday afternoon at 7 o'clock, at which time New York will speak on "Israel and the Nation." Consecration services will be held Sunday evening in Cincinnati churches, and in both Newport and Covington.

FINE SHOOTING AT BISLEY.

Over Thirty Make Maximum Score.

LONDON, July 22.—In the competition at Bisley for the "Graphic" prizes, which came to an end this morning, over thirty made the highest possible score. In the shoot-off fifteen tied.

Among the thirty making the highest possible score were Capt. Davidson, Robinson and Ross of the Canadian rifle teams.

CAPT. BISHOP INJURED.

Collided with Flag Pole in Drill at San Antonio.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., July 22.—During an exhibition cavalry charge yesterday afternoon, Capt. Bishop of Troop K, 5th United States Cavalry, collided with the post flag staff while developing in a cloud of dust. He was thrown from his horse and fell heavily to the ground.

The hospital corps rushed to the officer and removed him to the camp hospital, where an examination disclosed a fractured collar bone and slight internal injuries. The condition of Capt. Bishop is not serious, and he has been transferred to the hospital at Fort Sam Houston.

MURDERED BY BURGLARS.

Marcus Nichols and Sister of Daniels Farms the Victims.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 22.—Marcus Nichols of Daniels Farms, a small settlement eight miles north of here, near Parson's Rock, was murdered last night by burglars, who shot him in the back and his sister was also shot by the burglars, and is reported to be in a serious condition. The country is being scourged for the murderers.

"Want" ads. in The Star pay because they bring answers.

MRI. CHILTON SPEAKS

Progress of the Tariff Bill Stayed in the Senate.

TALK OF A VOTE ON IT TONIGHT

Nearly Everybody Looks for Adjournment Saturday.

MR. ALLEN SAYS NEXT WEEK

The democratic vacancy in the Senate was filled today. Mr. T. B. Turley, appointed to succeed the late Senator Harris of Tennessee, was sworn in, and now there is no longer an excuse for the democrats to delay the passage of the tariff bill. Today, however, Mr. Chilton began his speech dealing with the tariff question, and before the day was far advanced he was in a controversy with Mr. Tillman and other members of his own party as to whether or not they had committed a sin against democratic orthodoxy by voting for a bounty on farm products, and by favoring the use of raw materials.

The question in controversy had nothing whatever to do with the tariff bill in its present stage. The bill has been perfected and is printed on parchment ready for signature as soon as the Senate adopts the report. There is no possibility of change in it. The only question before the Senate is the adoption or rejection of the bill without qualification. Most of the democrats recognize this situation, but a few, like Mr. Chilton, expand their political philosophy. While this is the case there is, of course, a way opened for delay.

While nearly everybody else says that Congress will adjourn Saturday, Mr. Allen of Nebraska says that, in his opinion, the adjournment will not occur before next week. The democrats have let down, and it is understood that Mr. Tillman, who said the other day that he was negotiating for Mr. Quay's long and unusual speech, has decided not to talk on the conference report, but to wait until that is disposed of and say what he has to say on the report made by Mr. Jones of Nevada on his sugar trust resolution.

Mr. Chilton would follow Mr. Tillman's example, it would be possible to reach a vote today, notwithstanding Mr. Chilton's opinion, and, in fact, there is a possibility of a late session and a vote tonight.

The credentials of the new senator from Tennessee, Thomas B. Turley, who succeeds the late Senator Harris, were presented to the Senate today by his associate, Mr. Bates. Mr. Turley was then escorted to the Vice President's desk, where the oath of office was administered. On the desk to which the new senator was escorted, Mr. Turley was a superb bouquet of pink carnations. Mr. Turley is a little beyond middle age, with smooth-shaven face of Jacksonian cast.

Mr. Chilton of Kentucky offered a resolution discharging the committee on contingent expenses from further consideration of his resolution for an investigation of the conduct of the late Senator Harris. Before anything could be said, Mr. Jones of Nevada presented a report from the committee on the same resolution.

Mr. Chilton was then asked, asking that the report be read. He did not want it sidetracked by any parliamentary technicalities, he wished to secure a direct vote on the resolution.

Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire, a member of the committee, suggested that the report be read and go to the calendar and be reached in its proper place. Mr. Tillman insisted on having it read. Mr. Gallinger objected, the presiding officer, Mr. Aldrich, refused to read it.

Then Mr. Tillman moved that the report be read. On a viva voce vote the motion was carried, and the resolution went to the calendar.

Mr. Allison asked that the tariff conference report be taken up, but was met with several assurances that the report would be taken up in the morning. Mr. Allison moved to issue by moving to take up the bill for a non-partisan commission to investigate questions affecting agriculture and labor, delay the consideration of the tariff report.

Mr. Chilton (Tex.) took the floor for a speech on the tariff question, with an analytical criticism of the schedules in detail.

Concerning the sugar schedule he said it was so cunningly sugar as to make it difficult to determine the tariff. The main point was as to the loss suffered by the people, and after a calculation Mr. Chilton said that the sugar tariff would be enabled by the tariff to charge the people 1 cent per pound more than the tariff on sugar.

In connection with Mr. Chilton's discussion of the tariff, Mr. Chilton's discussion was drawn into a vehement argument against the tariff on sugar. Mr. Chilton declared that the tariff on sugar was the most effective system, for if the farmers would want to export their sugar, they would have to end in a scramble, overturning the whole system.

Proceeding, Mr. Chilton took up the demerit of the tariff on raw wool material, urging that raw wool should be free, and that the tariff on wool should be removed. He said that the tariff on wool was a protection for the wool growers, and that the tariff on wool was a protection for the wool growers.

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THE GUNBOAT HELENA

A New War Vessel Reaches Washington This Morning.

Named in Honor of a Montana City

and Brings Here to Receive a Sizable Service.

The Helena, a new light-draft ship of the gunboat type, arrived in Washington today, and is lying in the lower end of the navy yard. The ship comes here to be presented with a handsome silver service donated by the citizens of Helena, Mont., after which city the boat was named.

The Helena went into commission in New York July 8. She left there last Monday for Washington, and arrived here this afternoon. As that was her first trip in commission, the voyage from New York here was made in slow time. She anchored last night at Cedar Point, and came on to Washington this morning. Her captain is Commander William T. Swinburne.

He stated to a Star reporter that he was aboard the vessel today and that he would confer with Senator Carter of Montana in reference to the presentation of the service and fixing of the time. The service was put on board the vessel in New York and is there, but has not yet been unpacked.

The Helena is one of the finest boats in the United States navy, and was built especially for duty in the Chinese rivers. She is of 1,392 tons burden, has 2,000 horsepower triple expansion engines of six boilers. She carries 10 officers and 125 men, three anchors, two in the bow and one in the stern. She carries 300 tons of coal.

She is by far the most modern and best equipped gunboat in the navy. She has a light gun on each side, and a 12-inch gun in the bow. She has a 12-inch gun in the bow, and a 12-inch gun in the stern. She has a 12-inch gun in the bow, and a 12-inch gun in the stern.

The ship is thoroughly ventilated throughout, and has a powerful machine. It also has search lights of strong power, and of the latest pattern. In fact, everything of the kind which is to be found on the Helena is of the best. It is considered great credit to her excellence in every detail is due to Commander Swinburne.

The list of officers is as follows: Captain, Commander William T. Swinburne; first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; tenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eleventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twelfth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fourteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventeenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; nineteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twentieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; twenty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirtieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; thirty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fortieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; forty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fiftieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; fifty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixtieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; sixty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; seventy-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eightieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; eighty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; ninetieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; ninety-first lieutenant, Charles W. 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Smith; one hundred and twelfth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fourteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventeenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and nineteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twentieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and twenty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirtieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and thirty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fortieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and forty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fiftieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and fifty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixtieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and sixty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and seventy-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eightieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and eighty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and ninetieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundredth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and tenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and eleventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twelfth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fourteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and seventeenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and eighteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and nineteenth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twentieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and twenty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirtieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and thirty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fortieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and forty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fiftieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and fifty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixtieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-first lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-second lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-third lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fourth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-fifth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-sixth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-seventh lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-eighth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and sixty-ninth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred and one hundred and seventieth lieutenant, Charles W. Smith; one hundred